

Approved by the meeting of the Governing Board of the Russian Paralympic Committee (the RPC), Minutes №20

October 11, 2017

## **Anti-Doping Rules of the Russian Paralympic Committee**

### **Definitions**

- **RPC** - All-Russian public organization "Russian Paralympic Committee "
- **IPC** – International Paralympic Committee
- **RUSADA** - The Russian Anti-Doping Agency "RUSADA" is the All-Russian Anti-Doping Organization in accordance with Article 1.3.1. of All-Russian Anti-Doping Rules
- **WADA** - World Anti-Doping Agency
- **World Anti-Doping Code** – is the fundamental and universal document upon which the World Anti-Doping Program in sport is based, contains specific anti-doping rules and principles that must be followed by organizations responsible for the adoption, implementation and enforcement of anti-doping rules by virtue of their authority.
- **IPC Anti-Doping Code** – the Anti-Doping Code (Code) established in compliance with the general principles of the World Anti-Doping Code (WADC), including the WADC International Standards, expecting that, in the spirit of sport, it will lead the fight against doping in sport for Athletes with an impairment.
- **All-Russian Anti-Doping rules** - the rules developed by the all-Russian Anti-Doping organization on the basis of the provisions of the International Convention against Doping in Sport adopted by the General Conference of UNESCO at the 33rd session in Paris on October 19, 2005 and ratified by the Federal Law of December 27, 2006. No. 240-FZ "On ratification of the International Convention against Doping in Sport" and paragraph 1 of Part 2 of Article 26.1 of the Federal Law of December 4, 2007 No. 329-FZ "On Physical Culture and Sport in the Russian Federation"; approved by the Order of the Ministry of Sport of the Russian Federation No. 947 of August 9, 20
- **Athlete** - any person who competes in sport at the international level (as defined by each International Federation), or the national level (as defined by each National Anti-Doping Organisation).

- **Athlete Support Personnel** -Any coach, trainer, manager, agent, Team staff, official, medical, paramedical personnel, parent or any other Person working with, treating or assisting an Athlete participating in or preparing for sports Competition.
- **All-Russian sports federations** - public organizations that are established on the basis of membership, have received state accreditation and whose goals are the development of one or more sports in the Russian Federation, their propaganda, organization, sports events and training of athletes - members of the Russian national teams .
- **The members of the RPC** - individuals (citizens of the Russian Federation who have reached the age of 18) and legal entities - public associations that share the concern for the development of the Paralympic Movement, supporting it, recognizing the RPC Constitution, contributing to the development of the Paralympic Movement in Russia and paying promptly admission and membership fees.
- **Testing** - the parts of the Doping Control process involving Test distribution planning, Sample collection, Sample handling, and Sample transport to the laboratory.
- **ADAMS** - The Anti-Doping Administration and Management System is a web-based database management tool for data entry, storage, sharing, and reporting designed to assist stakeholders and WADA in their anti-doping operations in conjunction with data protection legislation.
- **TUE-** Therapeutic Use Exemption, as described in Article 4.4. of the World Anti-Doping Code.

## **Chapter 1. World Anti-Doping Code**

- 1.1. National non-commercial organization «the Russian Paralympic Committee» (hereinafter as - «Russian Paralympic Committee» or «RPC»), recognized by the International Paralympic Committee (hereinafter – IPC) as a National Paralympic Committee on the territory of the Russian Federation, where the International Convention against Doping in Sport, adopted on the 33<sup>rd</sup> session of the General Conference of UNESCO in Paris in 2005 is ratified, approves anti-doping rules in a strict compliance with the World Anti-Doping Code (hereinafter – the Code), IPC Anti-Doping Code, legislation of the Russian Federation, All-Russian Anti-Doping Rules.
- 1.2. In accordance with the article 20.4 of the World Anti-Doping Code (hereinafter as – the Code), article 20.2 of IPC Anti-Doping Code and

article 2.1 of RPC Constitution, the Russian Paralympic Committee shall accept the following obligations:

- 1.2.1. To ensure compliance of its anti-doping policies and rules with the Code;
- 1.2.2. To require All-Russian Sport Federations, who are the members of the RPC, to adopt and implement anti-doping rules of an appropriate sport, which comply with the Code and their implementation procedures;
- 1.2.3. To require All-Russian Sport Federations, who are the members of the RPC to report any information suggesting or relating to an anti-doping rule violation to RUSADA and its International Federation and to cooperate with investigations conducted by any anti-doping organization with authority to conduct the investigation;
- 1.2.4. To require Athletes who are candidates to the national team of the Russian Federation for participation in the Paralympic Games to be available for sample collection and to provide whereabouts information as required by the International Standard of Testing and Investigations as soon as the athlete is identified in Registered Testing Pool of an appropriate International Federation and/or RUSADA as well as athlete is identified in Long List of candidates to the Russian National Team or subsequent entry document in connection with preparation and participation in the Paralympic Games.
- 1.2.5. To cooperate with RUSADA and other Anti-Doping Organizations as well as to respect the autonomy of RUSADA and other Anti-Doping organizations and not to interfere in its activities and operational decisions and acknowledge the rights of RUSADA and other Anti-Doping organizations for testing authorities at any time.
- 1.2.6. To require each All-Russian Sport Federation, the member of the RPC, to establish rules requiring each Athlete Support Person who participates as coach, specialist, official, medical personnel in a competition organized by All-Russian Sport Federation to agree to be bound by anti-doping rules and Anti-Doping Organization result management authority in conformity with the Code as a condition of such participation.
- 1.2.7. To withhold some or all funding during any period of his or her ineligibility, to any athlete and/or athlete support person who has violated anti-doping rules.
- 1.2.8. To withhold some or all funding and support to the RPC member or All-Russian Sport Federation that are not in compliance with the Code.

- 1.2.9. To promote anti-doping education, including requiring All-Russian Sport Federations to conduct anti-doping education in coordination with the applicable RUSADA.
- 1.2.10. To vigorously pursue all potential anti-doping rule violations within its jurisdiction including investigation into whether Athlete Support Personnel and/or other Persons may have been involved in each case of doping.
- 1.2.11. To maintain confidentiality in respect to the information related to positive test result and any other information in connection with asserted anti-doping rule violation either until Anti-doping organization, responsible for result management, has made public disclosure or till the moment of expired date of its publication.
- 1.2.12. To monitor, in established by the RPC manner, testing of athletes-candidates to the Russian national team and the results of testing.

## **Chapter 2. Implementation of the Rules and their coming into force**

- 2.1. These Rules are mandatory and must be followed as applicable by:
  - 2.1.1. Russian Paralympic Committee and all its members, including natural person and legal entities – public associations, regional offices of the RPC;
  - 2.1.2. Athletes;
  - 2.1.3. Athlete support personnel;
  - 2.1.4. All-Russian Sport Federations – RPC members.
- 2.2. The prescribed sanctions are imposed to the above mentioned subjects in case they have violated any anti-doping rules.
- 2.3. These rules have come into force since their approval by the Governing Board of the RPC.

## **Chapter 3. Definition of Doping**

- 3.1. Doping is defined as a violation or multiple violations of anti-doping rules, described in the clauses 2.1-2.10 of the World Anti-Doping Code.
- 3.2. All of the RPC's members (including athletes, athlete support personnel, All-Russian Sport Federations and other legal entities – public associations and individuals, RPC's Regional offices) shall be responsible for knowing what constitutes an anti-doping rule violation and the substances and methods, which have been included on the Prohibited List.

## **Chapter 4. Obligations**

### 4.1. Athletes are obliged to:

- 4.1.1. To be knowledgeable of and comply with all applicable anti-doping policies and rules adopted pursuant to the Code, IPC Anti-Doping Code, All-Russian Anti-Doping Rules, Anti-Doping Rules of the RPC, anti-doping rules and regulations of the relevant International Sport Federations. Athlete shall accept the abovementioned documents by signing Athlete Anti-Doping Declaration.
- 4.1.2. To be available for Sample collection at all times.
- 4.1.3. To prevent himself/herself from ingestion of any prohibited substances and to take responsibility, in the context of anti-doping, for what they ingest and use;
- 4.1.4. To take personal responsibilities for any violation of anti-doping rules;
- 4.1.5. To cooperate with Anti-Doping Organizations investigating anti-doping rule violations;
- 4.1.6. To inform medical personnel of their obligation not to Use Prohibited Substances or Prohibited Methods and to take responsibilities to make sure that any medical treatment does not violate anti-doping policies and rules adopted pursuant to the Code.

### 4.2. Athlete Support Personnel are obliged to:

- 4.2.1. To be knowledgeable of and comply with all applicable anti-doping policies and rules adopted pursuant to the Code, IPC Anti-Doping Code, All-Russian Anti-Doping Rules, Anti-Doping Rules of the RPC, anti-doping rules and regulations of the relevant International Sport Federations. Athlete Support Personnel shall accept the abovementioned documents by signing Anti-Doping Declaration for Athlete Support Personnel.
- 4.2.2. To cooperate with Anti-Doping Organizations investigating anti-doping rule violations and in doping-control process and cooperate with anti-doping programs;
- 4.2.3. To agree to be bound by anti-doping rules and Anti-Doping Organization result management authority in conformity with the Code as a condition of such participation in competitions as a coach, specialist, official, medical personnel, athlete guide and etc.;

- 4.2.4. Shall not use or possess any prohibited substances or prohibited methods except for any justified case in accordance with Art. 2.6.2 of the Code;
- 4.2.5. To use his/her influence on athlete values visions and behavior to foster anti-doping attitudes.
- 4.3. All-Russian Sport Federations are obliged to:
- 4.3.1. To comply with the Code, IPC Anti-Doping Code, All-Russian Anti-Doping Rules, Anti-Doping Rules of the RPC, anti-doping rules and regulations of the relevant International Sport Federations;
- 4.3.2. To cooperate and support RUSADA to fulfill their responsibilities in conformity with the Code;
- 4.3.3. to report any information suggesting or relating to an anti-doping rule violation to RUSADA and to the relevant International Federation and to cooperate with investigations conducted by any Anti-Doping Organization with authority to conduct the investigation;
- 4.3.4. To devote sufficient resources in order to implement anti-doping programs in all areas that are compliant with the Code and International Standards;
- 4.3.5. To require all athletes and athlete support person to agree to be bound by anti-doping rules of the relevant International Sport Federations, All-Russian Anti-Doping Rules, Anti-Doping Rules of the RPC and the Code provisions;
- 4.3.6. To require athletes who participate in official international competitions to be available for sample collection at any time and at any place, and to provide accurate and up-to-date whereabouts information;
- 4.3.7. To require their regional federations and offices to conform to the Code of any anti-doping programs applied;
- 4.3.8. To accept and implement the decision of an appropriate International Sport Federation, RUSADA in case that such a decision are made in compliance with the Code and within the jurisdiction of such organization;
- 4.3.9. To cooperate and to provide with information upon request of the RPC aimed at an appropriate application of Anti-Doping Rules of the RPC;
- 4.3.10. To impose sanctions (including disqualification of athletes) based on decision of an appropriate International Sport Federation and/or RUSADA for anti-doping rule violation by athletes, athlete support personnel as well as by support personnel in relation to animals participating in competitions;

- 4.3.11. To inform federal executive authority in the sphere of physical culture and sport and to the relevant regional executive authorities on the sanctions imposed;
- 4.3.12. To provide within the period of 10 days with information related to anti-doping rule violation by an athlete or athlete support personnel and with the decision on imposed sanctions.

## **Chapter 5. Recognition of Sample Collection Results and grants for Therapeutic Use Exemptions (TUEs)**

- 5.1. The RPC shall recognize the results of doping tests, which are conducted by the accredited WADA-laboratories and by the respective anti-doping organization in conformity with the requirements of the Code.
- 5.2. The RPC shall recognize TUEs granted by the International Sport Federations, RUSADA and WADA in case that TUEs granting comply with the Code, IPC Anti-Doping Code or Anti-doping Rules of relevant international federation as well as requirements of the International Standard for Therapeutic Use Exemptions (TUE) and within the jurisdiction of anti-doping organizations.

## **Chapter 6. Anti-Doping Rule Violation and Disciplinary Rules in case to prevent individuals who are using of prohibited substances or methods without valid justification from providing support to athletes or athlete support personnel.**

- 6.1. Occurrence of any anti-doping rule violation is considered as breach of Anti-Doping Rules of the RPC.
- 6.2. Non-execution or inappropriate execution by the athletes, support personnel or by All-Russian Sport Federation any obligations in relation to the RPC is considered to be a violation of these rules.
- 6.3. The RPC, subject to the right to appeal provided in Article 13 of the World Anti-Doping Code, recognizes and applies testing, hearing results or other final adjudications, related to Anti-Doping rule violations, which are consistent with the WADC and are made within authority of such anti-doping organizations and/or international federations.
- 6.4. Any person, accounted to commit anti-doping rule violation, have no right to be a member of the Russian Paralympic Team or to be a candidate to the Russian Paralympic Team, to receive funds from the RPC or to hold any position in the RPC for the period of its ineligibility. Additionally, an

individual who is accounted to commit anti-doping rule violation and whose the period of ineligibility is expired, have no right to be a member of the Russian Paralympic Team or to be a candidate of the Russian Paralympic Team until such person has executed additional requirements established by the respective International Sport Federation and/or All-Russian Anti-Doping organization which are obligatory for return to the sport practice.

- 6.5. The periods of imposed sanctions are determined in accordance with Articles 10 and 11 of the Code.
- 6.6. In order to determine the type of sanctions in case of multiple violations, the RPC shall recognize the sanctions, which were previously imposed by the International Sport Federation, RUSADA and/or any other anti-doping organizations.
- 6.7. Any person, implicated in doping-schemes has no right to cooperate with the RPC, to receive funds from the RPC and to hold any positions in the RPC.

**Procedure of athletes' notification about their inclusion to registered testing pool and necessity to provide information regarding their whereabouts through ADAMS.**

1. Upon the receipt of notification about athlete inclusion to the Registered Testing Pool (RTP) from RUSADA or international federation, the RPC checks if the athlete is in List of Candidates to Russian National Teams (hereinafter as- List of National Teams).
2. After checking the List of National Team the RPC specialist immediately sends the notification about inclusion to RTP by email to the athlete, the head coach and team administrator of the Russian National Team. Additionally the RPC specialist informs athlete about personal responsibility to provide personal details and information regarding their whereabouts and that they must be available at such whereabouts for testing.
3. After receipt of confirmation from the athlete, the RPC specialist sends the confirmation of the athlete's receiving the notification to RUSADA or relevant international federation as well as controls completion and sending by the athlete necessary form in accordance with requirements of RUSADA (registration form) or international federation (Acknowledgement form) in order to receive by the athlete login and password details to ADAMS.
4. The RPC specialist puts the information about athlete into the Register of RPC athletes included into national and international registered testing pools (hereinafter as- Register). The athlete is excluded from the Register only after receipt of notification about exclusion from RTP from to RUSADA or relevant international federation.
5. During the whole period while the athlete is included in RTP, the RPC specialist regular advises athlete regarding provision of information to

ADAMS, ensures that athlete submits their whereabouts information in a timely manner.

6. Additionally the RPC specialist notifies athlete about information material on how to submit whereabouts information that are published on the RPC website at Anti-Doping Section, Whereabouts Information Provision Sub-Section (<http://paralymp.ru/sport/antidoping/>), including:

- Whereabouts Information Provision. ADAMS Database (Updated instructions).
- Basic faults made by athlete while working with ADAMS.
- Video course on completion of ADAMS in Russian language.
- Memo for athletes “Provision of Information through ADAMS”

**Mechanisms to ensure the proper enforcement of any consequences imposed  
in respect of anti-doping rule violations.**

a) Upon receipt of the Adverse Analytical Finding from RUSADA, International Federations, the IPC or any other anti-doping organization responsible for conducting results management, the RPC has to promptly notify athlete and/or athlete support personnel and the respective National Federation (hereinafter as NF).

b) In case of provisional suspension from participation in training process and competitions by the anti-doping organization, responsible for conducting results management, an athlete is immediately disqualified from participation in training process, national and international competitions.

c) When RUSADA, NFs, the IPC and any other anti-doping organization, responsible for conducting results management, investigates possible anti-doping rule violation, an athlete and athlete support personnel assist in investigating the possible anti-doping rules violation and keep confidentiality of the information acquired till the investigation is completed in compliance with the World Anti-Doping Code (herein after aa – the Code).

d) Upon receipt from anti-doping organization the decision of the Disciplinary Anti-Doping Committee (DAC) regarding the asserted anti-doping rule violation and sanctions imposed as set out by the Code, All-Russian Anti-doping Rules or anti-doping rules of relevant international federation, the RPC admits such a decision and immediately notifies an athlete and/or athlete support personnel as well as the NF. NF also admits such a decision made by the DAC, approves the decision on the nearest meeting of NF's governing body and imposes all the established sanctions towards an athlete and/or athlete support personnel.

e) Additionally to sanctions, made by the DAC, NF has rights:

- to exclude an athlete and/or athlete support personnel from the list of National Team members;

- to lodge a petition to the Center of Sport Preparation of National Teams regarding termination of employment agreement of an athlete and/or athlete support personnel for the period of ineligibility;

- to lodge a petition to the Ministry of Sport of the Russian Federation regarding the withdrawal of an athlete and/or athlete support personnel from

achieving the grants of the President of the Russian Federation for the period of its ineligibility;

- in case of multiple violations of anti-doping rule by an athlete from the same region of the Russian Federation during an In-Competition period, NF executive body considers this case during its meeting and makes a decision on imposition of sanctions towards the respective region of the Russian Federation, including disqualification of athletes representing their region from participation in interregional and national competitions in the respective sport discipline with disqualification of results and points, forfeiture of any medals and prizes obtained in official competitions where anti-doping rule violation occurred.

f) Information regarding sanctions imposed to an athlete and/or athlete support personnel, NF submits to the IPC, RUSADA and to executive body of the region of the Russian Federation in the sphere of physical culture and sport, where an athlete and/or athlete support personnel lives and trains. The RPC forwards the information achieved from NF to the IPC, International Federations or any other anti-doping organization responsible for conducting results management.

g) The RPC informs the RPC Governing Board and the RPC Athletes' Commission regarding anti-doping rule violations and sanctions imposed.

h) The RPC shall publish information of any anti-doping rule violations on its official website and official social networks of the RPC (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter). Publications will be available on the official website of the RPC and social networks during the entire period of ineligibility of an athlete and/or athlete support personnel. In accordance with art.14.3.6 of the Code, IPC Anti-doping Rules and All-Russian Anti-doping Rules the mandatory Public Disclosure shall not be required where the athlete or the other person who has been found to have committed an anti-doping rule violation is a minor. Any optional public disclosure in a case involving a minor shall be proportionate to the facts and circumstances of the case.

i) Any person, who is proved to have committed an anti-doping rule violation, has no right to be a member of Russian Paralympic Team or a candidature to Russian Paralympic Team, get financial support from the RPC and hold any position within the RPC for the period of his/her ineligibility. Besides, a person who is proved to have committed an anti-doping rule violation with the expired period of ineligibility, has no right to be a member of Russian Paralympic Team or a candidature to Russian Paralympic Team till such a person meet the additional requirements set by the respective international federation and/or RUSADA which are mandatory for restart of sport performance.

j) Ministry of Sport of the Russian Federation with purpose to implement measures for preventing doping in sport and fight against it, takes a decision, in an established manner, on exclusion of NF from the List of accredited national and regional sport federations in case of failure to commit its obligations, prescribed in p. 1-6, section 10, art. 26 of the Federal Law-329 “About physical culture and sport in the Russian Federation”.

k) Any person, who is proved to have committed anti-doping rule violation, can be charged with a criminal offence in compliance with art.230.1, art.230.2 and art.234 of the Criminal Code of the Russian Federation in case of crime committed.

l) Any person, who is proved to have committed anti-doping rule violation, is liable to administrative responsibilities in compliance with art.6.18 of Administrative Violations Code of the Russian Federation in case of administrative offence committed.

m) An employer is authorized to terminate an employment agreement with an athlete in regards to anti-doping rule violation, which is acknowledged to be a violation by the DAC in compliance with art. 348.11 of the Labour Code of the Russian Federation, approved by the Federal Law №197-FL.

**Procedure of systematic publication of all decisions imposing sanctions on persons under its jurisdiction in respect of anti-doping rule violation**

1. The Russian Paralympic Committee (hereinafter as -the RPC) (entity responsible for anti-doping) receives the decision of Disciplinary Anti-Doping Committee of RUSADA, International Federations, the International Paralympic Committee (the IPC) or another anti-doping organization responsible for results management (DADC) about anti-doping rules violations and imposed sanctions.
2. After receipt of decision from DADC about verification of anti-doping rules violations and imposed sanctions complied with World Anti-Doping Code (hereinafter as - the Code), the RPC recognizes the decisions and immediately informs athlete and/or athlete personnel and relevant National Federation (NF) about it. NF also recognizes the DADC decision, approves the decision at the earliest executive body meeting and impose sanctions to athlete and/or athlete personnel in accordance with this decision.
3. NF sends the information about sanctions imposed to the athlete and/or athlete support personnel to an athlete or other person convicted of anti-doping rule violation, to the RPC, RUSADA as well as to the local sport executive authorities where the athlete and/or athlete support personnel live and train. The RPC sends the information received from NF to the IPC, International Federation or other anti-doping organization responsible to result management.
4. The RPC informs the RPC Governing Board and the RPC Athlete Commission about anti-doping rules violations and imposed sanctions in respect to the athlete and/or athlete support personnel.
5. The RPC publishes information about anti-doping rules violations and imposed sanctions after notification of the athlete and/or athlete support personnel in accordance with the Code. The RPC publishes the information of anti-doping rules violations on the official RPC website and in social media (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter). Publication will be available on the RPC website and social media during the whole period of disqualification.

6. Information about anti-doping rules violations is not published if athlete and/or athlete support personnel is minor. Any optional Public Reporting in a case involving a Minor shall be proportionate to the facts and circumstances of the case.